## This Weeks Menu

<b>S1</b>	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
	Main Option				
В		Pork & Beef Sausages (2, 13, 14) Baked Beans	Scrambled Egg (4, 7) Potato Waffles	Fried Egg (4) Spaghetti Hoops (2)	Bacon Bap ( <mark>2</mark> , 12)
R	Vegetarian Alternative				
E		Quorn Sausages (2, 4, 7)			Quorn Sausage Bap (2, 4, 7, 12)
A	Accompaniments				
K F A S T		Toast (2) Weetabix (2) Frosties (2, 11) Preserves Yoghurts (7) Fruit Bowl Fruit Juice	Toast (2) Weetabix (2) Cornflakes (2) Preserves Yoghurts (7) Fruit Bowl Fruit Juice	Toast (2) Weetabix (2) Rice Krispies (2) Preserves Yoghurts (7) Fruit Bowl Fruit Juice	Toast (2) Weetabix (2) Coco Pops (2) Preserves Yoghurts (7) Fruit Bowl Fruit Juice
		Fruit Juice	Fruit Juice	Fruit Juice	Fruit Juice
	Main Option				
	Beef Burger (2, 12) Chicken Burger (2, 12)	BBQ Pork & Beef Meatballs (2,14) Italian Chicken	Chicken Korma (1, 2, 4, 7, 9, 13) Sweet & Sour Pork (1)	Gammon Steak Turkey Steak	
E	Vegetarian Alternative				
V E N	Vegetarian Burger (2, 4, 7, 12)	BBQ Quorn Meatballs (4, 13) Courgette Arabiatta	Vegetable Korma (1, 2, 4, 7, 9, 13) Sweet & Sour Vegetables (1)	Vegetable Slice (2, 4, 7, 9) Vegetable Kiev (2, 7)	
ı	Accompaniments				
N G M E A L	Chips Peas Sweetcorn Mixed Lettuce Sliced Tomato Coleslaw (4, 9)	Pasta (2) Garlic Bread (2, 7, 12) Grated Cheese (7) Sweetcorn Cucumber Grated Carrot	Rice Naan Bread (2, 7) Mango Chutney Grated Carrot Tomatoes Mixed Peppers	Potatoes Wedges Carrots Green Beans Gravy Sweetcorn Cucumber Tomato Salad (14)	
	Dessert				
	Choc Ice (7, 10, 11) Yogurts (7) Fruit Bowl	Chocolate Cake (2, 4, 7, 13) Yogurts (7) Fruit Bowl	Ice Cream Tub (7) Yogurts (7) Fruit Bowl	Jam Doughnuts (2, 4, 7, 12, 13) Yogurts (7) Fruit Bowl	

## 14 Allergens

The way allergens are labelled on prepacked foods has changed. The food Information Regulation, which came into force in December 2014, introduced a requirement that food businesses must provide information about the allergenic ingredients used in any food they sell or provide.

There are **14 major allergens** which need to be mentioned (either on a label or through provided information such as menus), when they are used as ingredients in a food. Here are the allergens, and some examples of where they can be found.

- 1. Celery This includes celery stalks, leaves, seeds and the root called celeriac. You can find celery in salt, salads, some meat products, soups and stock cubes.
- 2. Cereals Containing Gluten Wheat (Such as spelt Khorasan wheat/kamut), rye, barley and oats is often found in foods containing flour, such as some types of baking powder, batter, breadcrumbs, bread, cakes, couscous, meat products, pasta, pastry, sauces, soups and fried foods which are dusted with flour.
- **3. Crustaceans** Crabs, lobster, prawns and scampi are crustaceans. Shrimp paste, often used in Thai and Southeast Asian curries or salads, is an ingredient to look out for.
- **4. Eggs** Eggs are often found in cakes, some meat products, mayonnaise, mousses, pasta, quiche, sauces and pastries or foods brushed or glazed with egg.
- 5. Fish You will find this in some fish sauces, pizzas, relishes, salad dressings, stock cubes and Worcestershire sauce.
- **6.** Lupin Yes, lupin is a flower, but it's also found in flour! Lupin flour and seeds can be used in some types of bread, pastries and even in pasta.
- 7. Milk Milk is a common ingredient in butter, cream, cheese, milk powders and yoghurt. It can also be found in foods brushed or glazed with milk, and in powdered soups and sauces.
- **8. Molluscs** These include mussels, land snails, squid and whelks, but can also be commonly found in oyster sauce or as an ingredient in fish stews.
- **9. Mustard** Liquid mustard, mustard powder and mustard seeds fall into this category. This ingredient can also be found in breads, curries, marinades, meat products, salad dressings, sauces and soups.
- 10. Nuts Not to be confused with peanuts (which are a legume and grow underground), this ingredient refers to nuts which grow on trees like cashew nuts, almonds and hazelnuts. You can find nuts in breads, biscuits, crackers, desserts, nut powders (often used in asian curries), stir-fried dishes, ice cream, marzipan (almond paste), nut oils and sauces.
- **11. Peanuts** Peanuts are actually a legume and grow underground, which is why it's sometimes called a groundnut. Peanuts are often used as an ingredient in biscuits, cakes, curries, desserts, sauces (such as satay sauce), as well as in groundnut oil and peanut flour.
- **12. Sesame Seeds** These seeds can often be found in bread (sprinkled on hamburger buns for example), breadsticks, houmous, sesame oil and tahini. They are sometimes toasted and used in salads.
- **13. Soya** Often found in bean curd, edamame beans, miso paste, textured soya protein, soya flour or tofu, soya is a staple ingredient in oriental food. It can also be found in desserts, ice cream, meat products, sauces, and vegetarian products.
- 14. Sulphur Dioxide (Sometimes known as Sulphates) This is an ingredient often used in dried fruit such as raisins, dried apricots, and prunes. You might also find it in meat products, soft drinks, vegetables, as well as in wine and beer. If you have asthma, you have a higher risk of developing a reaction to sulphur dioxide.

On our menus and packed lunch forms, the numbers in **RED** and **BLUE** refer to the numbered allergens stated above. **RED** numbers mean that the item contains the allergen and **BLUE** numbers mean that the manufacturer has stated that ingredients *may contain and/or are made in a factory that handles the allergens*.

Any allergies that fall outside of the above mentioned "14", will be clearly marked on the daily menu, on display in the servery at mealtimes.